

REINFORCEMENT SEMIDEFINITE RELAXATIONS FOR SOME NP-HARD COMBINATORIAL OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS¹

Yu. Maximov

*Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology, Moscow Region
Institute for Information Transmission Problems, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow
e-mail: Yuri.Maximov@imag.fr*

Here we consider a set of popular NP-hard optimization problems, such as Max-Cut, Max-k-Cut, Correlation clustering and other (ref. [1,3]). Semidefinite programming relaxation is a popular and widely used tool to produce an effective approximation. In some cases SDP based methods gives the best possible approximation ratio (under extra hypothesis, e.g. Unique Games Conjecture [5]).

One proved here, that using of parametrical methods [2] could strengthen classical results(in non-asymptotic case). Here we provide some theoretical guarantees, compare our method with the known ones [3,6,7,8] and give results of numerical experiments for a certain problems of Boolean circuit design.

REFERENCES

1. N. Bansal, A. Blum, S. Chawla. *Correlation Clustering*. — Machine Learning. — 2004. Vol. 56. P. 89–113.
2. F. V. Fomin, D. Kratsch. *Exact Exponential Algorithms*. — Berlin: Springer. 2010. 214 P.
3. A. Frieze, M. Jerrum. *Improved approximation algorithms for MAX k-CUT and MAX BISECTION*. — Integer Programming and Combinatorial Optimization. Lecture Notes in Computer Science. — 1995. Vol. 920. P. 1–13
4. M. X. Goemans, D. P. Williamson. *Improved approximation algorithms for maximum cut and satisfiability problems using semidefinite programming*. — Journal of the ACM (JACM). — 1995. Vol. 42. Is. 6. P. 1115–1145
5. S. Khot. *On the power of unique 2-prover 1-round games*. — Proceedings of the thirty-fourth annual ACM symposium on Theory of Computing(STOC). — 2002. P. 767–775
6. J.B. Lasserre. *Semidefinite programming vs. LP relaxations for polynomial programming*. — Mathematics of Operational Research. — 2001. V. 27. P. 347–360.
7. L. Lovasz, A. Schrijver. *Cones of matrices and set functions and 0–1 optimization*. — SIAM Journal of Optimization. — 1991. V. 1. P. 166–190.
8. H.D. Sherali, W.P. Adams. *A Reformulation-Linearization Technique for Solving Discrete and Continious Nonconvex Problems*. Boston, MA: Kluwer. 1999. 516 P.

¹The reported study was supported by RFBR, research project No. 14-07-31241 мол_a and No. 14-07-31241 мол_a; work is also supported in part by Laboratory for Structural Methods of Data. Analysis in Predictive Modeling, MIPT, RF government grant, ag. 11.G34.31.0073.